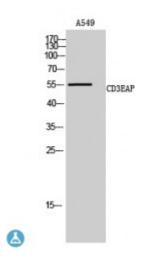


Anti-CD3EAP antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to CD3EAP.

Model STJ92124

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human CD3EAP

Immunogen Region 410-490 aa, C-terminal

Gene ID <u>10849</u>

Gene Symbol CD3EAP

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:40000

Specificity CD3EAP Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD3EAP protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name DNA-directed RNA polymerase I subunit RPA34 A34.5 Antisense to

ERCC-1 protein ASE-1 CD3-epsilon-associated protein CAST CD3E-

associated protein RNA polymerase I-associated factor PAF49

Molecular Weight 55 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:24219OMIM:107325</u>

Alternative Names DNA-directed RNA polymerase I subunit RPA34 A34.5 Antisense to

ERCC-1 protein ASE-1 CD3-epsilon-associated protein CAST CD3E-

associated protein RNA polymerase I-associated factor PAF49

Function DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into

RNA using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Component of RNA polymerase I which synthesizes ribosomal RNA precursors. Isoform 1 is involved in UBTF-activated transcription, presumably at a step following PIC formation.; Isoform 2 has been described as a component of preformed T-cell

receptor (TCR) complex.

Cellular Localization Nucleus, nucleolus Chromosome. Found at the fibrillar centers of the

nucleolus in interphase and during cell division it is localized to the nucleolus

organizer regions of the chromosomes.

Post-translational

Modifications

Isoform 2 undergoes tyrosine phosphorylation upon T-cell receptor (TCR) stimulation. This phosphorylation has not been confirmed by other groups.;

Isoform 1 is phosphorylated on tyrosine residues in initiation-competent Pol I-

beta complexes but not in Pol I-alpha complexes.

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