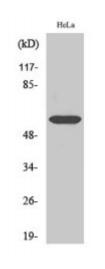


Anti-Cdc25C antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to Cdc25C.

Model STJ92166

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Cdc25C around the non-

phosphorylation site of S216.

Immunogen Region 160-240 aa

Gene ID <u>995</u>

Gene Symbol CDC25C

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:40000

Specificity Cdc25C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cdc25C protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name M-phase inducer phosphatase 3 Dual specificity phosphatase Cdc25C

Molecular Weight 53 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:1727OMIM:157680</u>

Alternative Names M-phase inducer phosphatase 3 Dual specificity phosphatase Cdc25C

Function Functions as a dosage-dependent inducer in mitotic control. Tyrosine protein

phosphatase required for progression of the cell cycle. When phosphorylated,

highly effective in activating G2 cells into prophase. Directly dephosphorylates CDK1 and activates its kinase activity.

Cellular Localization Nucleus

Post-translational Phosphorylated by CHEK1 and MAPK14 at Ser-216. This phosphorylation **Modifications** creates a binding site for 14-3-3 protein and inhibits the phosphatase.

Phosphorylated by PLK4. Phosphorylated by PLK1, leading to activate the phosphatase activity. Phosphorylation by PLK3 at Ser-191 promotes nuclear translocation. Ser-198 is a minor phosphorylation site. Was initially reported to be phosphorylated by PLK3 at Ser-216 . However, such phosphorylation by PLK3 was not confirmed by other groups. Phosphorylation at Thr-48, Thr-67, Ser-122, Thr-130, Ser-168 and Ser-214 occurs at G2 and G2-M transition and is probably catalyzed by CDK1. Ser-168 phosphorylation levels are lower than those at the other 5 CDK1 sites. Phosphorylation by CDK1 leads to

increased activity.

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