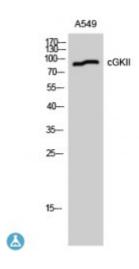


Anti-cGKII antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to cGKII.

Model STJ92256

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human cGKII around the non-

phosphorylation site of S126.

Immunogen Region 70-150 aa

Gene ID <u>5593</u>

Gene Symbol PRKG2

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:40000

Specificity cGKII Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of cGKII protein.

Tissue Specificity Highly concentrated in brain, lung and intestinal mucosa.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name cGMP-dependent protein kinase 2 cGK 2 cGMP-dependent protein

kinase II cGKII

Molecular Weight 87 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:9416OMIM:601591</u>

Alternative Names cGMP-dependent protein kinase 2 cGK 2 cGK2 cGMP-dependent protein

kinase II cGKII

Function Crucial regulator of intestinal secretion and bone growth . Phosphorylates and

activates CFTR on the plasma membrane. Plays a key role in intestinal secretion by regulating cGMP-dependent translocation of CFTR in jejunum . Acts downstream of NMDAR to activate the plasma membrane accumulation of GRIA1/GLUR1 in synapse and increase synaptic plasticity. Phosphorylates

GRIA1/GLUR1 at Ser-863 . Acts as regulator of gene expression and activator of the extracellular signal-regulated kinases MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2 in mechanically stimulated osteoblasts. Under fluid shear stress, mediates ERK activation and subsequent induction of FOS,

FOSL1/FRA1, FOSL2/FRA2 and FOSB that play a key role in the osteoblast

anabolic response to mechanical stimulation.

Cellular Localization Apical cell membrane

Post-translational

Modifications

Myristoylation mediates membrane localization.

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