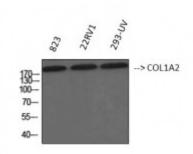


Anti-COL1A2 antibody



Western Blot (WB) analysis of 1. 823 2. 22RV1 3. 293-UV using COL1A2 Polyclonal Antibody. (STJ92383)



Description COL1A2 is a protein encoded by the COL1A2 gene which is

approximately 129,3 kDa. COL1A2 is secreted into the extracellular space. It is involved in collagen chain trimerization, the integrin pathway, ERK signalling and focal adhesion. It is a pro-alpha-2 chain of type I collagen whose triple helix comprises two alpha-1 chains and one alpha-2 chain. COL1A2 is expressed in tendons, ligaments and bones. Mutations in the COL1A2 gene may result in Ehlers-Danlos syndrome and osteogenesis imperfecta. STJ92383 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. This polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of COL1A2 protein.

Model STJ92383

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IF, IHC

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human COL1A2

Immunogen Region 1-80 aa, N-terminal

Gene ID <u>1278</u>

Gene Symbol COL1A2

Dilution range IHC 1:100-1:300IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:10000

Specificity COL1A2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of COL1A2 protein.

Tissue Specificity Forms the fibrils of tendon, ligaments and bones. In bones the fibrils are

mineralized with calcium hydroxyapatite.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Collagen alpha-2 I chain Alpha-2 type I collagen

Molecular Weight 92 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:21980MIM:120160

Alternative Names Collagen alpha-2 I chain Alpha-2 type I collagen

Function Type I collagen is a member of group I collagen (fibrillar forming collagen).

Sequence and Domain Family The C-terminal propeptide, also known as COLFI domain, have crucial roles

in tissue growth and repair by controlling both the intracellular assembly of procollagen molecules and the extracellular assembly of collagen fibrils. It

binds a calcium ion which is essential for its function.

Cellular Localization Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix

Prolines at the third position of the tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are

Modifications hydroxylated in some or all of the chains.

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