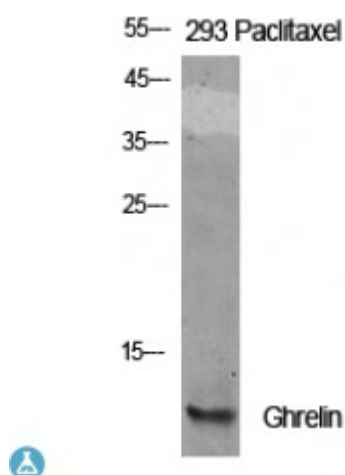


## Anti-Ghrelin antibody



<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to Ghrelin.
<b>Model</b>	STJ93265
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, IHC, WB
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human Ghrelin.
<b>Immunogen Region</b>	Internal
<b>Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">51738</a>
<b>Gene Symbol</b>	<a href="#">GHRL</a>
<b>Dilution range</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:10000
<b>Specificity</b>	Ghrelin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Ghrelin protein.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Highest level in stomach. All forms are found in serum as well. Other tissues compensate for the loss of ghrelin synthesis in the stomach following gastrectomy.
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Note</b>	For Research Use Only (RUO).
<b>Protein Name</b>	Appetite-regulating hormone Growth hormone secretagogue Growth hormone-releasing peptide Motilin-related peptide Protein M46 Ghrelin-27 Ghrelin-28 Ghrelin Obestatin

<b>Molecular Weight</b>	13 kDa
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Database Links</b>	<a href="#">HGNC:18129</a> <a href="#">OMIM:605353</a>
<b>Alternative Names</b>	Appetite-regulating hormone Growth hormone secretagogue Growth hormone-releasing peptide Motilin-related peptide Protein M46 Ghrelin-27 Ghrelin-28 Ghrelin Obestatin
<b>Function</b>	Ghrelin is the ligand for growth hormone secretagogue receptor type 1 (GHSR). Induces the release of growth hormone from the pituitary. Has an appetite-stimulating effect, induces adiposity and stimulates gastric acid secretion. Involved in growth regulation.; Obestatin may be the ligand for GPR39. May have an appetite-reducing effect resulting in decreased food intake. May reduce gastric emptying activity and jejunal motility .
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Secreted.
<b>Post-translational Modifications</b>	O-octanoylation or O-decanoylation is essential for ghrelin activity. The O-decanoylated forms Ghrelin-27-C10 and Ghrelin-28-C10 differ in the length of the carbon backbone of the carboxylic acid bound to Ser-26. A small fraction of ghrelin, ghrelin-28-C10:1, may be modified with a singly unsaturated carboxylic acid . Amidation of Leu-98 is essential for obestatin activity.