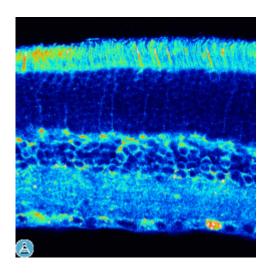


## Anti-G-alpha t2 antibody



**Description** Rabbit polyclonal to Galpha t2.

Model STJ93460

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

**Applications** ELISA, IHC, WB

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human Galpha t2

Immunogen Region 10-90 aa, N-terminal

**Gene ID** <u>2780</u>

Gene Symbol GNAT2

**Dilution range** WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:10000

**Specificity** Galpha t2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Galpha t2

protein.

**Tissue Specificity** Retinal rod outer segment.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

**Protein Name** Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G t subunit alpha-2 Transducin alpha-2

chain

Molecular Weight 40 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

IgG **Isotype** 

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. **Formulation** 

Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

HGNC:4394OMIM:139340 **Database Links** 

**Alternative Names** Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G t subunit alpha-2 Transducin alpha-2

chain

**Function** Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators

> or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems. Transducin is an amplifier and one of the transducers of a visual impulse that performs the

coupling between rhodopsin and cGMP-phosphodiesterase.

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