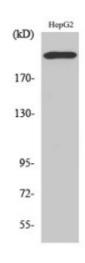


Anti-Integrin beta antibody





Description Rabbit polyclonal to Integrin beta4.

Model STJ93737

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Integrin beta4 around the non-

phosphorylation site of Y1510.

Immunogen Region 1450-1530 aa

Gene ID <u>3691</u>

Gene Symbol <u>ITGB4</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:20000

Specificity Integrin beta4 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Integrin

beta4 protein.

Tissue Specificity Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is predominantly expressed by epithelia. Isoform

beta-4D is also expressed in colon and placenta. Isoform beta-4E is also expressed in epidermis, lung, duodenum, heart, spleen and stomach.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Integrin beta-4 GP150 CD antigen CD104

Molecular Weight 202 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:6158OMIM:147557</u>

Alternative Names Integrin beta-4 GP150 CD antigen CD104

Function Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is a receptor for laminin. Plays a critical structural role

in the hemidesmosome of epithelial cells. Is required for the regulation of keratinocyte polarity and motility. ITGA6:ITGB4 binds to NRG1 (via EGF

domain) and this binding is essential for NRG1-ERBB signaling .

ITGA6:ITGB4 binds to IGF1 and this binding is essential for IGF1 signaling .

Sequence and Domain Family The fibronectin type-III-like domains bind BPAG1 and plectin and probably

also recruit BP230.

Cellular Localization Cell membrane. Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell membrane. Lipid-

anchor. Cell junction, hemidesmosome. Colocalizes with DST at the leading

edge of migrating keratinocytes.

Post-translational Palmitoylated by DHHC3 at several cysteines of the membrane-proximal

Modifications region, enhancing stability and cell surface expression. Palmitoylation also

promotes secundary association with tertaspanins.

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