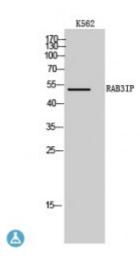


Anti-RAB3IP antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to RAB3IP.

Model STJ95311

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human RAB3IP

Immunogen Region 230-310 aa, Internal

Gene ID <u>117177</u>

Gene Symbol RAB3IP

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:40000

Specificity RAB3IP Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of RAB3IP protein.

Tissue Specificity Expressed in brain, kidney, heart, pancreas and placenta. Not detected in

skeletal muscle or liver.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Rab-3A-interacting protein Rab3A-interacting protein Rabin-3 SSX2-

interacting protein

Molecular Weight 53 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:16508OMIM:608686</u>

Alternative Names Rab-3A-interacting protein Rab3A-interacting protein Rabin-3 SSX2-

interacting protein

Function Guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) which may activate RAB8A and

RAB8B. Promotes the exchange of GDP to GTP, converting inactive GDP-bound Rab proteins into their active GTP-bound form. Mediates the release of GDP from RAB8A and RAB8B but not from RAB3A or RAB5. Modulates actin organization and promotes polarized transport of RAB8A-specific vesicles to the cell surface. Together with RAB11A, RAB8A, the exocyst complex, PARD3, PRKCI, ANXA2, CDC42 and DNMBP promotes

transcytosis of PODXL to the apical membrane initiation sites (AMIS), apical

surface formation and lumenogenesis.

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection,

lamellipodium. Predominantly cytoplasmic but a small proportion colocalizes

with SSX2 in the nucleus. Activation of protein kinase C results in

redistribution to the periphery of lamellipodia. In the cytoskeleton, localizes to

cortical actin.

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T+44 (0)208 223 3081

W http://www.stjohnslabs.com/ E info@stjohnslabs.com