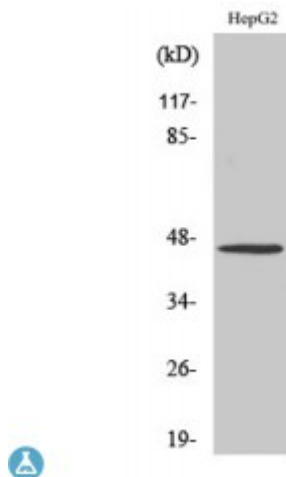


## Anti-SR-1A antibody



<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to SR-1A.
<b>Model</b>	STJ95756
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, IF, IHC, WB
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human SR-1A
<b>Immunogen Region</b>	260-340 aa, C-terminal
<b>Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3350</a>
<b>Gene Symbol</b>	<a href="#">HTR1A</a>
<b>Dilution range</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:20000
<b>Specificity</b>	SR-1A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SR-1A protein.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Detected in lymph nodes, thymus and spleen. Detected in activated T-cells, but not in resting T-cells.
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Note</b>	For Research Use Only (RUO).
<b>Protein Name</b>	5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 1A 5-HT-1A 5-HT1A G-21 Serotonin receptor 1A
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	46 kDa
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Database Links</b>	<a href="#">HGNC:5286OMIM:109760</a>
<b>Alternative Names</b>	5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 1A 5-HT-1A 5-HT1A G-21 Serotonin receptor 1A
<b>Function</b>	G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin). Also functions as a receptor for various drugs and psychoactive substances. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of downstream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase. Beta-arrestin family members inhibit signaling via G proteins and mediate activation of alternative signaling pathways. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase activity and activates a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system that regulates the release of Ca(2+) ions from intracellular stores. Plays a role in the regulation of 5-hydroxytryptamine release and in the regulation of dopamine and 5-hydroxytryptamine metabolism. Plays a role in the regulation of dopamine and 5-hydroxytryptamine levels in the brain, and thereby affects neural activity, mood and behavior. Plays a role in the response to anxiogenic stimuli.
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cell membrane