

Anti-SR-1B antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to SR-1B.

Model STJ95758

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IF, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human SR-1B

Immunogen Region 180-260 aa, Internal

Gene ID <u>3351</u>

Gene Symbol HTR1B

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:10000

Specificity SR-1B Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SR-1B protein.

Tissue Specificity Detected in cerebral artery smooth muscle cells (at protein level). Detected in

brain cortex, striatum, amygdala, medulla, hippocampus, caudate nucleus and

putamen.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 1B 5-HT-1B 5-HT1B S12 Serotonin 1D beta

receptor 5-HT-1D-beta Serotonin receptor 1B

Molecular Weight 43 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:5287OMIM:182131</u>

Alternative Names 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 1B 5-HT-1B 5-HT1B S12 Serotonin 1D beta

receptor 5-HT-1D-beta Serotonin receptor 1B

Function G-protein coupled receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin). Also

functions as a receptor for ergot alkaloid derivatives, various anxiolytic and antidepressant drugs and other psychoactive substances, such as lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase activity. Arrestin family members inhibit signaling via G proteins and mediate activation of alternative signaling pathways. Regulates the release of 5-hydroxytryptamine, dopamine and acetylcholine in the brain, and thereby affects neural activity, nociceptive processing, pain perception, mood and behavior. Besides, plays a role in

vasoconstriction of cerebral arteries.

Sequence and Domain Family Ligands are bound in a hydrophobic pocket formed by the transmembrane

helices.

Cellular Localization Cell membrane

Post-translational Phosphorylated. Desensitization of the receptor may be mediated by its

Modifications phosphorylation. Palmitoylated.

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