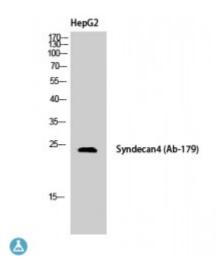


Anti-Syndecan-4 antibody



Description Syndecan-4 is a protein encoded by the SDC4 gene which is

approximately 21,6 kDa. Syndecan-4 isoform 1 is localised to the cell membrane and isoform 2 is secreted. It is involved in glycosaminoglycan metabolism, metabolism of fat-soluble vitamins, wnt signalling pathways and non-integrin membrane-ECM interactions. It is a transmembrane that functions as a receptor in intracellular signalling. The encoded protein is found as a homodimer and is a member of the syndecan proteoglycan family. It also regulates exosome biogenesis in concert with SDCBP and PDCD6IP. Syndecan-4 is expressed in epithelial and fibroblastic cells. STJ95856 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. This polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of Syndecan-4 protein.

Model STJ95856

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IF, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Syndecan-4 around the non-

phosphorylation site of S179.

Immunogen Region 120-200 aa

Gene ID 6385
Gene Symbol SDC4

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:40000

Specificity Syndecan-4 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Syndecan-4

protein.

Expressed in epithelial and fibroblastic cells. **Tissue Specificity**

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Syndecan-4 SYND4 Amphiglycan Ryudocan core protein

22 kDa Molecular Weight

Polyclonal **Clonality**

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

HGNC:10661OMIM:600017 **Database Links**

Alternative Names Syndecan-4 SYND4 Amphiglycan Ryudocan core protein

Cell surface proteoglycan that bears heparan sulfate. Regulates exosome **Function**

biogenesis in concert with SDCBP and PDCD6IP.

Cellular Localization Isoform 1: Membrane Secreted. Shedding of the ectodomain produces a

soluble form. Isoform 2: Secreted.

Post-translational Shedding is enhanced by a number of factors such as heparanase, thrombin or **Modifications**

EGF. Also by stress and wound healing. PMA-mediated shedding is inhibited

by TIMP3.

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580 T+44 (0)208 223 3081

W http://www.stjohnslabs.com/ E info@stjohnslabs.com