

Anti-ULK1 antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to ULK1.

Model STJ96184

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Applications ELISA, IHC

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human ULK1.

Immunogen Region C-terminal

Gene ID <u>8408</u>

Gene Symbol <u>ULK1</u>

Dilution range IHC 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:40000

Specificity ULK1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ULK1 protein.

Tissue Specificity Ubiquitously expressed. Detected in the following adult tissues: skeletal

muscle, heart, pancreas, brain, placenta, liver, kidney, and lung.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK1 Autophagy-related protein 1 homolog

ATG1 hATG1 Unc-51-like kinase 1

Molecular Weight 112.601 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:12558OMIM:603168</u>

Alternative Names Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK1 Autophagy-related protein 1 homolog

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Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in autophagy in response to

starvation. Acts upstream of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase PIK3C3 to regulate the formation of autophagophores, the precursors of autophagosomes. Part of regulatory feedback loops in autophagy: acts both as a downstream effector and negative regulator of mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) via interaction with RPTOR. Activated via phosphorylation by AMPK and also acts as a regulator of AMPK by mediating phosphorylation of AMPK subunits PRKAA1, PRKAB2 and PRKAG1, leading to negatively regulate AMPK activity. May phosphorylate ATG13/KIAA0652 and RPTOR; however such data need additional evidences. Plays a role early in neuronal differentiation and is required for granule cell axon formation. May also

phosphorylate SESN2 and SQSTM1 to regulate autophagy .

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm, cytosol Preautophagosomal structure. Under starvation conditions,

is localized to puncate structures primarily representing the isolation

membrane that sequesters a portion of the cytoplasm resulting in the formation

of an autophagosome.

Post-translational Autophosphorylated. Phosphorylated under nutrient-rich conditions;

Modifications dephosphorylated during starvation or following treatment with rapamycin.

Under nutrient sufficiency, phosphorylated by MTOR/mTOR, disrupting the interaction with AMPK and preventing activation of ULK1 . In response to nutrient limitation, phosphorylated and activated by AMPK, leading to

activate autophagy.

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