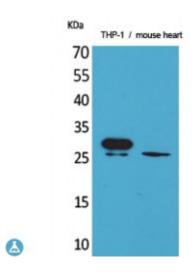
## **Anti-TREM-1** antibody



**Description** Rabbit polyclonal to TREM-1.

Model STJ96498

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human

**Applications** ELISA, IHC, WB

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human TREM-1

Immunogen Region 40-120 aa, Internal

**Gene ID** <u>54210</u>

Gene Symbol TREM1

**Dilution range** WB 1:500-1:2000IHC-P 1:100-300ELISA 1:20000

**Specificity** TREM-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TREM-1 protein.

Tissue Specificity Highly expressed in adult liver, lung and spleen than in corresponding fetal

tissue. Also expressed in the lymph node, placenta, spinal cord and heart tissues. Expression is more elevated in peripheral blood leukocytes than in the bone marrow and in normal cells than malignant cells. Expressed at low levels in the early development of the hematopoietic system and in the promonocytic stage and at high levels in mature monocytes. Strongly expressed in acute

inflammatory lesions caused by bacteria and fungi.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 1 TREM-1 Triggering receptor

expressed on monocytes 1 CD antigen CD354

Molecular Weight 26.387 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Isotype** IgG

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Concentration** 1 mg/ml

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:17760OMIM:605085</u>

Alternative Names Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 1 TREM-1 Triggering receptor

expressed on monocytes 1 CD antigen CD354

**Function** Stimulates neutrophil and monocyte-mediated inflammatory responses.

Triggers release of pro-inflammatory chemokines and cytokines, as well as increased surface expression of cell activation markers. Amplifier of inflammatory responses that are triggered by bacterial and fungal infections

and is a crucial mediator of septic shock.

**Cellular Localization** Isoform 1: Cell membrane Isoform 2: Secreted

**Post-translational** Glycosylated.

Modifications

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