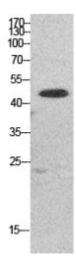


Anti-EF-1 alpha /2 antibody



Description

Rabbit polyclonal to EF-1 alpha1/2.

Model STJ96859

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human EF-1 alpha1/2.

Immunogen Region N-terminal

Gene ID <u>1915</u>

Gene Symbol <u>EEF1A1</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000ELISA 1:20000

Specificity EF-1 alpha1/2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EF-1

alpha1/2 protein.

Tissue Specificity Brain, placenta, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas but barely detectable in heart and

skeletal muscle.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Elongation factor 1-alpha 1 EF-1-alpha-1 Elongation factor Tu EF-Tu

Eukaryotic elongation factor 1 A-1 eEF1A-1 Leukocyte receptor cluster

member 7

Clonality Polyclonal

Unconjugated Conjugation

IgG Isotype

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. **Formulation**

1 mg/ml Concentration

Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage Instruction**

HGNC:3189OMIM:130590 **Database Links**

Alternative Names Elongation factor 1-alpha 1 EF-1-alpha-1 Elongation factor Tu EF-Tu

Eukaryotic elongation factor 1 A-1 eEF1A-1 Leukocyte receptor cluster

member 7

Function This protein promotes the GTP-dependent binding of aminoacyl-tRNA to the

> A-site of ribosomes during protein biosynthesis. With PARP1 and TXK, forms a complex that acts as a T helper 1 (Th1) cell-specific transcription factor and binds the promoter of IFN-gamma to directly regulate its transcription, and is thus involved importantly in Th1 cytokine production.

Cytoplasm Nucleus Nucleus, nucleolus Cell membrane. Colocalizes with **Cellular Localization**

> DLC1 at actin-rich regions in the cell periphery. Translocates together with ZPR1 from the cytoplasm to the nucleus and nucleolus after treatment with

mitogens. Localization at the cell membrane depends on EEF1A1

phosphorylation status and the presence of PPP1R16B.

Post-translational

ISGylated. Phosphorylated by TXK. Phosphorylation by PASK increases translation efficiency. Phosphorylated by ROCK2. Trimethylated at Lys-79 **Modifications**

by EEF1AKMT1. Methylated at Lys-165 by EEF1AKMT3, methylation by EEF1AKMT3 is dynamic as well as inducible by stress conditions, such as ER-stress, and plays a regulatory role on mRNA translation . Trimethylated at

Lys-318 by EEF1AKMT2.

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