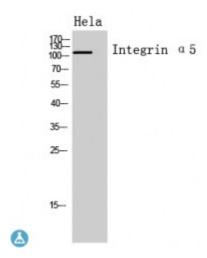


Anti-Integrin alpha antibody



Description Integrin alpha5 is a protein encoded by the ITGA5 gene which is

approximately 114,5 kDa. Integrin alpha5 is localised to the cell membrane and is involved in the MAPK-Erk pathway, apoptotic pathways, integrin pathway, focal adhesion and blood-brain barrier and immune cell transmigration. Integrins are heterodimeric integral membrane proteins composed of an alpha subunit and a beta subunit that function in cell surface adhesion and signalling. Integrin alpha5 is expressed in the liver, lung, nervous system, bone marrow and blood. Mutations in the ITGA5 gene may result in colon carcinoma and congenital epulis STJ97284 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. This

polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of Integrin alpha5 protein.

Model STJ97284

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, IF, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Integrin alpha5.

Immunogen Region 561-610 aa, Internal

Gene ID 3678

Gene Symbol ITGA5

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC-P 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:10000

Specificity Integrin alpha5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Integrin

alpha5 protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Integrin alpha-5 CD49 antigen-like family member E Fibronectin receptor

subunit alpha Integrin alpha-F VLA-5 CD antigen CD49e Integrin alpha-5

heavy chain Integrin alpha-5 light chain

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:6141OMIM:135620</u>

Alternative Names Integrin alpha-5 CD49 antigen-like family member E Fibronectin receptor

subunit alpha Integrin alpha-F VLA-5 CD antigen CD49e Integrin alpha-5

heavy chain Integrin alpha-5 light chain

Function Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibronectin and fibrinogen. It

recognizes the sequence R-G-D in its ligands. ITGA5:ITGB1 binds to

PLA2G2A via a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and this induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1 . ITGA5:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for fibrillin-1 (FBN1) and mediates R-G-D-dependent cell adhesion to FBN1 . (Microbial

infection) Integrin ITGA5:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human

metapneumovirus . Integrin ITGA2:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human parvovirus B19 . In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in Kaposi's sarcoma lesions .

Cellular Localization Membrane. Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, focal

adhesion Cell surface

Post-translational

Modifications

Proteolytic cleavage by PCSK5 mediates activation of the precursor.

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