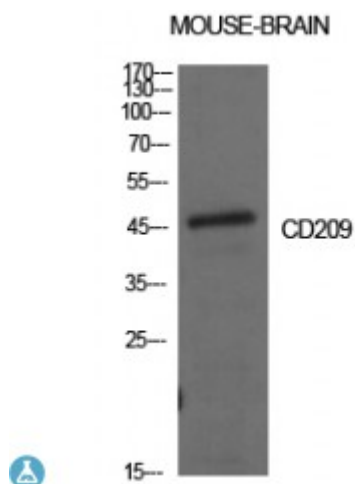


Anti-CD209 antibody



Description	Rabbit polyclonal to CD209.
Model	STJ97328
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Applications	ELISA, WB
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human CD209.
Immunogen Region	261-310 aa, Internal
Gene ID	30835
Gene Symbol	CD209
Dilution range	WB 1:500-1:2000ELISA 1:10000
Specificity	CD209 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD209 protein.
Tissue Specificity	Predominantly expressed in dendritic cells and in DC-residing tissues. Also found in placental macrophages, endothelial cells of placental vascular channels, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and THP-1 monocytes.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Note	For Research Use Only (RUO).
Protein Name	CD209 antigen C-type lectin domain family 4 member L Dendritic cell-specific ICAM-3-grabbing non-integrin 1 DC-SIGN DC-SIGN1 CD antigen CD209

Clonality	Polyclonal
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Isotype	IgG
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Database Links	HGNC:1641OMIM:604672
Alternative Names	CD209 antigen C-type lectin domain family 4 member L Dendritic cell-specific ICAM-3-grabbing non-integrin 1 DC-SIGN DC-SIGN1 CD antigen CD209
Function	Pathogen-recognition receptor expressed on the surface of immature dendritic cells (DCs) and involved in initiation of primary immune response. Thought to mediate the endocytosis of pathogens which are subsequently degraded in lysosomal compartments. The receptor returns to the cell membrane surface and the pathogen-derived antigens are presented to resting T-cells via MHC class II proteins to initiate the adaptive immune response. On DCs it is a high affinity receptor for ICAM2 and ICAM3 by binding to mannose-like carbohydrates. May act as a DC rolling receptor that mediates transendothelial migration of DC precursors from blood to tissues by binding endothelial ICAM2. Seems to regulate DC-induced T-cell proliferation by binding to ICAM3 on T-cells in the immunological synapse formed between DC and T-cells. (Microbial infection) Acts as an attachment receptor for HIV-1 and HIV-2 . Acts as an attachment receptor for ebolavirus . Acts as an attachment receptor for cytomegalovirus . Acts as an attachment receptor for HCV . Acts as an attachment receptor for dengue virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for measles virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for herpes simplex virus 1 . Acts as an attachment receptor for Influenzavirus A . Acts as an attachment receptor for SARS coronavirus . Acts as an attachment receptor for Japanese encephalitis virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for Lassa virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for marburg virusn . Acts as an attachment receptor for Respiratory syncytial virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for Rift valley fever virus and uukuniemi virus . Acts as an attachment receptor for west-nile virus . Probably recognizes in a calcium-dependent manner high mannose N-linked oligosaccharides in a variety of bacterial pathogen antigens, including Leishmania pifanoi LPG, Lewis-x antigen in Helicobacter pylori LPS, mannose in Klebsiella pneumoniae LPS, di-mannose and tri-mannose in Mycobacterium tuberculosis ManLAM and Lewis-x antigen in Schistosoma mansoni SEA . Recognition of M.tuberculosis by dendritic cells occurs partially via this molecule .
Sequence and Domain Family	The tandem repeat domain, also called neck domain, mediates oligomerization.
Cellular Localization	Isoform 1: Cell membrane Isoform 2: Cell membrane Isoform 3: Cell membrane Isoform 4: Cell membrane Isoform 5: Cell membrane Isoform 6: Secreted Isoform 7: Secreted Isoform 8: Secreted Isoform 9: Secreted Isoform 10: Secreted Isoform 11: Secreted Isoform 12: Secreted

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T +44 (0)208 223 3081

W <http://www.stjohnslabs.com/>

E info@stjohnslabs.com