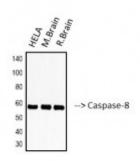


## **Anti-Caspase-8 antibody**



Western Blot (WB) analysis of 1. HELA 2. Mouse brain 3. Rat brain cells using Caspase-8 Monoclonal Antibody. (STJ97394)



**Description** Caspase-8 is a protein encoded by the CASP8 gene which is

approximately 55,3 kDa. Caspase-8 is localised to the cytoplasm and is involved in the TNFR1 pathway, dimerization of procaspase-8, activated TLR4 signalling, apoptosis signalling and toll-like receptor signalling pathways. This protein falls under the cysteine-aspartic acid protease family. It pays a role in the programmed cell death induced by Fas and various apoptotic stimuli. Caspase-8 isoform 1, 5 and 7 are expressed in a wide variety of tissues. Mutations in the CASP8 gene may result in a caspase-8 deficiency. STJ97394 was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. This polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of Caspase-8 protein.

Model STJ97394

**Host** Mouse

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

**Applications** IHC, WB

Immunogen Recombinant Protein

Gene ID 841

Gene Symbol CASP8

**Dilution range** WB 1:1000-2000IHC1:200-500

**Specificity** The antibody detects endogenous Caspase-8 protein.

**Tissue Specificity** Isoform 1, isoform 5 and isoform 7 are expressed in a wide variety of tissues.

Highest expression in peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, thymus and liver.

Barely detectable in brain, testis and skeletal muscle.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clone ID 2G12

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Caspase-8 CASP-8 Apoptotic cysteine protease Apoptotic protease Mch-5

CAP4 FADD-homologous ICE/ced-3-like protease FADD-like ICE FLICE

ICE-like apoptotic protease 5 MORT1-associated ced-3 homolog

**Clonality** Monoclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

Isotype IgG1

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:1509OMIM:211980

Alternative Names Caspase-8 CASP-8 Apoptotic cysteine protease Apoptotic protease Mch-5

CAP4 FADD-homologous ICE/ced-3-like protease FADD-like ICE FLICE

ICE-like apoptotic protease 5 MORT1-associated ced-3 homolog

**Function** Most upstream protease of the activation cascade of caspases responsible for

the TNFRSF6/FAS mediated and TNFRSF1A induced cell death. Binding to

the adapter molecule FADD recruits it to either receptor. The resulting

aggregate called death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs CASP8

proteolytic activation. The active dimeric enzyme is then liberated from the

DISC and free to activate downstream apoptotic proteases. Proteolytic

fragments of the N-terminal propeptide (termed CAP3, CAP5 and CAP6) are likely retained in the DISC. Cleaves and activates CASP3, CASP4, CASP6,

CASP7, CASP9 and CASP10. May participate in the GZMB apoptotic pathways. Cleaves ADPRT. Hydrolyzes the small-molecule substrate, Ac-Asp-Glu-Val-Asp-|-AMC. Likely target for the cowpox virus CRMA death

inhibitory protein. Isoform 5, isoform 6, isoform 7 and isoform 8 lack the catalytic site and may interfere with the pro-apoptotic activity of the complex.

the BCAP31 complex.

**Cellular Localization** Cytoplasm.

**Post-translational** Generation of the subunits requires association with the death-inducing

signaling complex (DISC), whereas additional processing is likely due to the autocatalytic activity of the activated protease. GZMB and CASP10 can be involved in these processing events. Phosphorylation on Ser-387 during

mitosis by CDK1 inhibits activation by proteolysis and prevents apoptosis. This phosphorylation occurs in cancer cell lines, as well as in primary breast

tissues and lymphocytes.

**Modifications**