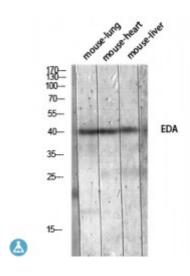


Anti-EDA antibody



Description Rabbit polyclonal to EDA.

Model STJ97656

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Applications ELISA, IHC, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human EDA.

Immunogen Region Internal

Gene ID <u>1896</u>

Gene Symbol EDA

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000IHC-P 1:100-1:300ELISA 1:10000

Specificity EDA Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EDA protein.

Tissue Specificity Not abundant; expressed in specific cell types of ectodermal (but not

mesodermal) origin of keratinocytes, hair follicles, sweat glands. Also in adult heart, liver, muscle, pancreas, prostate, fetal liver, uterus, small intestine and

umbilical chord.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Ectodysplasin-A, membrane form

Ectodysplasin-A, secreted form

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:31570MIM:300451

Alternative Names Ectodysplasin-A EDA protein Ectodysplasin-A, membrane form

Ectodysplasin-A, secreted form

Function Cytokine which is involved in epithelial-mesenchymal signaling during

morphogenesis of ectodermal organs. Functions as a ligand activating the DEATH-domain containing receptors EDAR and EDA2R. May also play a role in cell adhesion. Isoform 1: Binds only to the receptor EDAR, while isoform 3 binds exclusively to the receptor EDA2R. Isoform 3: Binds only to

the receptor EDA2R.

Cellular Localization Cell membrane Ectodysplasin-A, secreted form: Secreted

Post-translational N-glycosylated. Processing by furin produces a secreted form.

Modifications

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