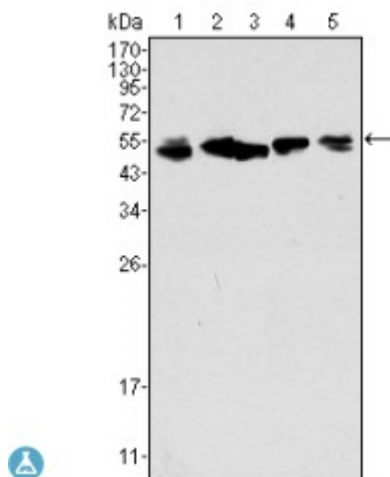


Anti-Cytokeratin 8 antibody



Description	Mouse monoclonal to Cytokeratin 8.
Model	STJ97992
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Applications	ELISA, IF, IHC, WB
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human Cytokeratin 8 (aa391-483) expressed in E. Coli.
Immunogen Region	391-483 aa
Gene ID	3856
Gene Symbol	KRT8
Dilution range	WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:200-1:1000IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:10000
Specificity	Cytokeratin 8 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cytokeratin 8 protein.
Tissue Specificity	Observed in muscle fibers accumulating in the costameres of myoplasm at the sarcolemma membrane in structures that contain dystrophin and spectrin. Expressed in gingival mucosa and hard palate of the oral cavity.
Purification	Affinity purification
Clone ID	8A5D12
Note	For Research Use Only (RUO).
Protein Name	Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 8 Cytokeratin-8 CK-8 Keratin-8 K8 Type-II

	keratin Kb8
Clonality	Monoclonal
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Isotype	IgG1
Formulation	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Database Links	HGNC:6446 OMIM:148060
Alternative Names	Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 8 Cytokeratin-8 CK-8 Keratin-8 K8 Type-II keratin Kb8
Function	Together with KRT19, helps to link the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres of striated muscle.
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm Nucleus, nucleoplasm Nucleus matrix
Post-translational Modifications	Phosphorylation on serine residues is enhanced during EGF stimulation and mitosis. Ser-74 phosphorylation plays an important role in keratin filament reorganization. O-glycosylated. O-GlcNAcylation at multiple sites increases solubility, and decreases stability by inducing proteasomal degradation.; O-glycosylated (O-GlcNAcylated), in a cell cycle-dependent manner.