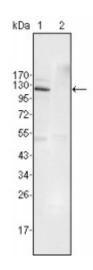


Anti-EphB4 antibody



Description

Mouse monoclonal to EphB4.

Model STJ98035

Host Mouse

Reactivity Human

Applications ELISA, WB

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of EphB4 (aa562-612)expressed in E. Coli.

Immunogen Region 562-612aa

Gene ID <u>2050</u>

Gene Symbol <u>EPHB4</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000ELISA 1:10000

Specificity EphB4 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EphB4 protein.

Tissue Specificity Abundantly expressed in placenta but also detected in kidney, liver, lung,

pancreas, skeletal muscle and heart. Expressed in primitive and myeloid, but not lymphoid, hematopoietic cells. Also observed in cell lines derived from

liver, breast, colon, lung, melanocyte and cervix.

Purification Affinity purification

Clone ID 7H4A6

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Ephrin type-B receptor 4 Hepatoma transmembrane kinase Tyrosine-protein

kinase TYRO11

Clonality Monoclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG1

Formulation Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:3395OMIM:600011</u>

Alternative Names Ephrin type-B receptor 4 Hepatoma transmembrane kinase Tyrosine-protein

kinase TYRO11

Function Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously transmembrane ephrin-B

family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Together with its cognate ligand/functional ligand EFNB2 plays a central role in heart morphogenesis and angiogenesis through regulation of cell adhesion and cell migration. EPHB4-mediated forward signaling controls cellular repulsion and segregation form EFNB2-expressing cells. Plays also a role in postnatal blood vessel remodeling, morphogenesis and permeability

and is thus important in the context of tumor angiogenesis.

Cellular Localization Cell membrane

Post-translational

Modifications

Phosphorylated; autophosphorylation is stimulated by EFNB2.

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T +44 (0)208 223 3081

W http://www.stjohnslabs.com/ E info@stjohnslabs.com