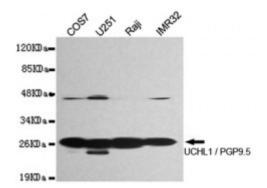


Anti-UCHL1/PGP9.5 antibody





Description Mouse monoclonal to UCHL1/PGP9.5.

Model STJ99166

Host Mouse

Reactivity Human, Simian

Applications ELISA, WB

Immunogen Purified recombinant human UCHL1 / PGP9.5 protein fragments expressed in

E.coli.

Gene ID 7345

Gene Symbol <u>UCHL1</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500-2000ELISA 1:10000-20000

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of UCHL1 / PGP9.5 and does not

cross-react with related proteins.

Tissue Specificity Found in neuronal cell bodies and processes throughout the neocortex (at

protein level). Expressed in neurons and cells of the diffuse neuroendocrine system and their tumors. Weakly expressed in ovary. Down-regulated in

brains from Parkinson disease and Alzheimer disease patients.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clone ID 7B8-G5-B8

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 UCH-L1 Neuron

cytoplasmic protein 9.5 PGP 9.5 PGP9.5 Ubiquitin thioesterase L1

Molecular Weight 25kDa

Clonality Monoclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG2b

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:12513OMIM:191342

Alternative Names Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 UCH-L1 Neuron

cytoplasmic protein 9.5 PGP 9.5 PGP9.5 Ubiquitin thioesterase L1

Function Ubiquitin-protein hydrolase involved both in the processing of ubiquitin

precursors and of ubiquitinated proteins. This enzyme is a thiol protease that recognizes and hydrolyzes a peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. Also binds to free monoubiquitin and may prevent its degradation in

lysosomes. The homodimer may have ATP-independent ubiquitin ligase

activity.

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. About 30% of total UCHL1 is

associated with membranes in brain.

Post-translational

Modifications

O-glycosylated.

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