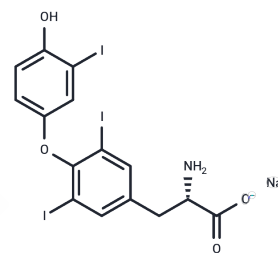


Liothyronine sodium

Chemical Properties

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| CAS No. : | 55-06-1 |
| Formula: | C ₁₅ H ₁₁ I ₃ NNaO ₄ |
| Molecular Weight: | 672.96 |
| Appearance: | no data available |
| Storage: | store under nitrogen,store at low temperature Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year |



Biological Description

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Description | Liothyronine Sodium is the sodium salt form of liothyronine, a synthetic form of the levorotatory isomer of the naturally occurring thyroid hormone triiodothyronine (T3). Liothyronine sodium (3,3',5-Triiodo-L-thyronine sodium) binds to nuclear thyroid receptors which then bind to thyroid hormone response elements of target genes. As a result, liothyronine sodium induces gene expression that is required for normal growth and development. Liothyronine sodium is more potent and has a more rapid action than thyroxine (T4). |
| Targets(IC50) | Thyroid hormone receptor(THR) |
| In vivo | The chemical properties of Liothyronine Sodium are nearly identical to those of Triiodothyronine, acting on thyroid hormone receptors alpha and beta-1. As the most potent form of thyroid hormone, Liothyronine Sodium can increase the basal metabolic rate, affect protein synthesis, and enhance the body's sensitivity to catecholamines (such as adrenaline). |

Solubility Information

| | |
|------------|---|
| Solubility | DMSO: 15 mg/mL (22.29 mM),Sonication is recommended. (< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble) |
|------------|---|

Preparing Stock Solutions

| | 1mg | 5mg | 10mg |
|-------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1 mM | 1.486 mL | 7.4299 mL | 14.8597 mL |
| 5 mM | 0.2972 mL | 1.486 mL | 2.9719 mL |
| 10 mM | 0.1486 mL | 0.743 mL | 1.486 mL |
| 50 mM | 0.0297 mL | 0.1486 mL | 0.2972 mL |

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

Timmer DC, et al. J Endocrinol, 2003, 179(2), 217-225.

Jiang P, Cheng B, Wang Z, et al. Distinct effects of physical and functional ablation of brown adipose tissue on T3-dependent pathological cardiac remodeling. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications. 2024: 150844.

Bernal J, et al. Nat Clin Pract Endocrinol Metab, 2007, 3(3), 249-259.

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

This product is for Research Use Only · Not for Human or Veterinary or Therapeutic Use

Tel: 781-999-4286

E_mail: info@targetmol.com

Address: 36 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481