Data Sheet (Cat.No.T2285)



Encenicline hydrochloride

Chemical Properties

CAS No.: 550999-74-1

Formula: C16H17ClN2OS·HCl

Molecular Weight: 357.3

Appearance: no data available

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year

Biological Description

Descr <mark>iption</mark>	Encenicline hydrochloride (EVP-6124 hydrochloride) is a novel partial agonist of $\alpha 7$ neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs).				
Targets(IC50)	AChR				
In vitro	EVP-6124 hydrochloride displaces [3H]-MLA (Methyllycaconitine) (Ki=9.98 nM, pIC50=7. 65±0.06, n=3) and [125I]- α -bungarotoxin (Ki=4.33 nM, pIC50=8.07±0.04, n=3). EVP-6124 is approximately 300 fold more potent than the natural agonist ACh (Ki=3 μ M), measured in binding assays using [3H]-MLA. EVP-6124 inhibits the 5-HT3 receptor by 51% at 10 nM, the lowest concentration tested. Evaluation of the human 5-HT2B recepto expressed in CHO cells demonstrates displacement of [3H]-mesulergine (Ki=14 nM) and only antagonist activity in the rat gastric fundus assay at an IC50 of 16 μ M. In binding and functional experiments, EVP-6124 shows selectivity for α 7 nAChRs and does not activate or inhibit heteromeric α 4 β 2 nAChRs[1].				
In vivo	EVP-6124 hydrochloride demonstrates effective brain penetration and sufficient exposure duration, showing significant memory restoration at a dose of 0.3 mg/kg orally in scopolamine-induced memory impairment in rats, measured by an object recognition task (ORT). When combined with donepezil at sub-efficacious doses (0.1 mg/kg, orally for donepezil and 0.03 mg/kg, orally for EVP-6124), full memory restoration is achieved, suggesting synergistic effects. In a 24-hour retention natural forgetting test, EVP-6124 at 0.3 mg/kg orally enhances memory, an effect inhibited by the selective $\alpha 7$ nAChR antagonist methyllycaconitine, validating the involvement of $\alpha 7$ nAChR in the mechanism of action. EVP-6124 binds to rat plasma proteins at a moderate level with a fractional unbound average of 11% and shows dose-proportional pharmacokinetics over a 0.1-30 mg/kg oral dose range. Peak times (Tmax) are recorded at 4 hours in plasma and 2 hours in the brain, with brain concentrations maintaining from 2 to 8 hours, and brain-to-plasma (B:P) ratios ranging from 1.7 to 5.1. Additionally at a dose of 0.4 mg/kg intraperitoneally, EVP-6124 achieves peak brain concentration in 2 hours, maintaining effective levels for at least 4 hours, and notably increases NMDAR saturation index in wild-type mice without affecting wakefulness or locomotion.				
Kinase Assay	Binding or activity of EVP-6124 is measured at 10 µM in a selectivity panel according to standard validated protocols under conditions defined by the contractor. For the 5-HT2/receptor binding assay, membranes are prepared from HEK293 cellsexpressing the human recombinant 5-HT2A receptor. For 5-HT2B and 5-HT2C receptor binding assays, membranes are prepared from CHO cells expressing the human recombinant 5-HT2B or				

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5-HT2C receptor. Affinity is determined by incubating different concentrations of EVP-6124 in binding buffer for 1 h. For 5-HT2A binding, the incubation is at 22°C in the presence of 0.5 nM [3H]-ketanserin; for 5-HT2B, at 22°C in the presence of 2 nM [3H]-mesulergine; and for 5-HT2C, at 37°C in the presence of 1 nM [3H]-mesulergine. Nonspecific binding is determined in the presence of 1 μ M ketanserin, 10 μ M mesulergine, or 10 μ M RS-102221 for 5-HT2A, 5-HT2B, or 5-HT2C, respectively. All measurements are performed in triplicate. EVP-6124 is also tested in the 5-HT2B rat gastric fundus tissue response assay. Briefly, inhibition of α -methyl serotonin-induced contraction is isometrically measured. All measurements are performed in duplicate[1].

Solubility Information

Solubility	DMSO: 10 mg/mL (27.99 mM), Sonication is recommended.
	(< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)

Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	2.7988 mL	13.9938 mL	27.9877 mL
5 mM	0.5598 mL	2.7988 mL	5.5975 mL
10 mM	0.2799 mL	1.3994 mL	2.7988 mL
50 mM	0.056 mL	0.2799 mL	0.5598 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

Prickaerts, J., van Goethem, N., Chesworth, R., Shapiro, G., Boess, F., & Methfessel, C. et al. (2012). EVP-6124, a novel and selective α 7 nicotinic acetylcholine receptor partial agonist, improves memory performance by potentiating the acetylcholine response of α 7 nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. Neuropharmacology, 62(2), 1099-1110. doi: 10.1016/j.neuropharm.2011.10.024

Thomas Papouin, et al. Septal Cholinergic Neuromodulation Tunes the Astrocyte-Dependent Gating of Hippocampal NMDA Receptors to Wakefulness. Neuron. 2017 May 17;94:1-15.

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