# Data Sheet (Cat.No.T6210)



## Pifithrin-µ

#### **Chemical Properties**

CAS No.: 64984-31-2

Formula: C8H7NO2S

Molecular Weight: 181.21

Appearance: no data available

store at low temperature

Storage: Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 1 year



### **Biological Description**

Description	Pifithrin- $\mu$ (NSC-303580) is an inhibitor of p53 and HSP70, with neuroprotective and antitumor activity.
Targets(IC50)	HSP,Autophagy,p53
In vitro	Pifithrin-μ interferes with p53 binding to mitochondria and inhibits rapid p53-dependent apoptosis of primary cell cultures of mouse thymocytes in response to gamma radiation. [1] Pifithrin-μ, as an inhibitor of inducible HSP70, significantly inhibited cell viability with IC50 values ranging from 2.5 to 12.7?μM in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) cell lines, as well as in primary AML blasts. Pifithrin-μ is also highly active in primary AML blasts with a median IC50 of 8.9?μ M(range 5.7-37.2 ?μ M) and induces apoptosis and cell cycle arrest in a dose-dependent fashion. In addition, Pifithrin-μ also increases the active form of caspase-3 and reduces AKT and ERK1/2 in NALM-6 cells. [2] Pifithrin-μ increases Annexin V(+) cells in both caspase-dependent and -independent manners and promotes TRAIL-induced apoptosis and arrested cancer cell growth. [3]
In vivo	Pifithrin-µ (40 mg/kg, ip) provides protection against p53-dependent apoptosis in C57B1/6J mice exposed to 8 or 9 Gy of total body gamma radiation [1]. Additionally, in a xenograft mouse model, Pifithrin-µ significantly enhances TRAIL-induced inhibition of MiaPaca-2 tumor growth [3].
Kinase Assay	In vitro Kinase Assays: Kinase assays for CDK1, CDK2 and GSK3-β are all carried out in a radiometric filter binding format. Assays for CDK5 are in DELFIA format and for CDKs 4 and 6 in ELISA format. For CDKs 1 and 2, the relevant CDK and 0.12 μg/mL Histone H1 are incubated in 20 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 25 mM β-glycerophosphate, 5 mM EDTA, 15 mM MgCl2, 1 mM sodium orthovanadate, 1 mM DTT, 0.1 mg/mL BSA, 45 μM ATP (0.78 Ci/mmol) and different concentrations of AT7519 for 2 or 4 hours respectively. For GSK3-β, the relevant enzyme and 5 μM glycogen synthase peptide 2 along with 10 mM MOPS pH 7.0, 0.1 mg/mL BSA, 0.001% Brij-35, 0.5% glycerol, 0.2 mM EDTA, 10 mM MgCl2, 0.01% β-mercaptoethanol, 15 μM ATP (2.31 Ci/mmol) and different concentrations of AT7519 are incubated for 3 hours. Assay reactions are stopped by adding an excess of orthophosphoric acid and filtered using Millipore MAPH filter plates. The plates are then washed, scintillant added and radioactivity measured by scintillation counting on a Packard TopCount. For CDK5, CDK5/p35 and 1 μM of a biotinylated Histone H1 peptide (Biotin-PKTPKKAKKL) are incubated in 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 2.5 mM MgCl2, 0.025%

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Brij-35, 0.1 mg/mL BSA, 1 mM DTT, 15 μM ATP and different concentrations of AT7519 for 30 minutes. Assay reactions are stopped using EDTA, transferred to Neutravidin-coated plates and phosphorylated peptide quantified by means of a rabbit phospho-cdk1 substrate polyclonal antibody and DELFIA europium-labelled anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody using time-resolved fluorescence at λex=335 nM, λem=620 nM. For CDK 4 and 6 assays, plates are coated with GST- pRb769-921 and blocked with Superblock. CDK4 or 6 is incubated with 15 mM MgCl2, 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.4, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM EGTA, pH 8.0, 0.02% Triton X-100, 2.5% DMSO and different concentrations of AT7519; the reaction is initiated by addition of ATP. After 30 minutes, reactions are stopped by the addition of 0.5 M EDTA pH 8.0.Plates are then washed and incubated for one hour with the primary antibody (anti- p-Rb Serine 780) diluted in Superblock followed by secondary antibody (alkaline phosphatase linked anti-rabbit) for a further hour. Plates are developed using the Attophos system and fluorescence read on a Spectramax Gemini plate reader at excitation 450 nm and emission 580 nm. In all cases, IC50 values are calculated from replicate curves, using GraphPad Prism software.

Cell Research

The number of attached cells is estimated by staining with 0.5% methylene blue and measuring optical density using a Multiscan Ascent microplate reader. Cell viability is determined in suspension of short-term culture of primary thymocytes by staining them with 0.1% trypan blue2 or by analysis of annexin- or propidium iodide (PI)-positive cells by FACScan. (Only for Reference)

## **Solubility Information**

Solubility	Ethanol: 13.1 mg/mL (72.29 mM), Sonication is recommended.
	DMSO: 13.1 mg/mL (72.29 mM), Sonication is recommended.
	(< 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)

#### Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg	
1 mM	5.5185 mL	27. <mark>5923 mL</mark>	55.1846 mL	
5 mM	1.1037 mL	5.5185 mL	11.0369 mL	
10 mM	0.5518 mL	2.7592 mL	5.5185 mL	
50 mM	0.1104 mL	0.5518 mL	1.1037 mL	

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

#### Reference

Strom E, et al. Nat Chem Biol. 2006, 2(9), 474-479. Kaiser M, et al. Blood Cancer J. 2011, 1(7), e28. Monma H, et al. Mol Cancer Ther. 2013, 12(4), 341-351.

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