

## B7-2/CD86 Protein, Human, Recombinant (His & Avi)

### General Information

Synonyms: B70;B7-2 antigen;B7-2;CD86 molecule;CD86;CD28LG2;MGC34413;BU63;FUN-1;B72;LAB72

Protein Construction: Leu26-Pro247

Species: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

Accession: P42081-1

Molecular Weight: 28.2 kDa (predicted). Due to glycosylation, the protein migrates to 55-70 kDa based on Tris-Bis PAGE result.

### QC Testing

Biological Activity: Immobilized Human B7-2, His Tag at 0.5 $\mu$ g/ml (100 $\mu$ l/Well) on the plate. Dose response curve for Human CTLA-4, hFc Tag with the EC50 of 0.12 $\mu$ g/ml determined by ELISA.

Purity: > 95% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 95% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin: < 1 EU/ $\mu$ g by the LAL method.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22  $\mu$ m filter, containing PBS (pH 7.4). Typically, 8% trehalose is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization.

### Preparation and Storage

#### Reconstitution:

Reconstitute the lyophilized protein in distilled water. The product concentration should not be less than 100  $\mu$ g/ml. Before opening, centrifuge the tube to collect powder at the bottom. After adding the reconstitution buffer, avoid vortexing or pipetting for mixing.

#### Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

#### Shipping:

In general, Lyophilized powders are shipping with blue ice.

### Protein Background

B7-1 and B7-2 are homologous costimulatory ligands expressed on the surface of antigen presenting cells (APCs). Binding of these molecules to the T cell costimulatory receptors, CD28 and CTLA-4, is essential for the activation and regulation of T cell immunity. B7-1 and B7-2 do not form hetero-oligomers, underscoring the biological relevance of dimeric and monomeric state of B7-1 and B7-2, respectively.

Reference

Bhatia S, et al. B7-1 and B7-2: similar costimulatory ligands with different biochemical, oligomeric and signaling properties. *Immunol Lett.* 2006 Apr 15;104(1-2):70-5. doi: 10.1016/j.imlet.2005.11.019. Epub 2005 Dec 13. PMID: 16413062.

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