

## CD3 epsilon/CD3e Protein, Human, Recombinant (His)

### General Information

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Synonyms:             | CD3e molecule, epsilon (CD3-TCR complex);CD3 ε/CD3e;TCRE;CD3 epsilon;IMD18;CD3 ε;CD3e molecule, ε (CD3-TCR complex);T3E                                   |
| Protein Construction: | A DNA sequence encoding the human CD3E (NP_000724.1) (Met1-Asp126) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. Predicted N terminal: Asp 23 |
| Species:              | Human   |
| Expression Host:      | CHO Cells   |
| Accession:            | P07766  |
| Molecular Weight:     | 13.2 kDa (predicted); 23.3 kDa (reducing condition, due to glycosylation)   |

### QC Testing

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Biological Activity: | Activity testing is in progress. It is theoretically active, but we cannot guarantee it. If you require protein activity, we recommend choosing the eukaryotic expression version first.   |
| Purity:              | > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.  |
| Endotoxin:           | < 1.0 EU/μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.  |
| Formulation:         | Lyophilized from a solution filtered through a 0.22 μm filter, containing PBS, pH 7.4. Typically, a mixture containing 5% to 8% trehalose, mannitol, and 0.01% Tween 80 is incorporated as a protective agent before lyophilization. |

### Preparation and Storage

#### Reconstitution:

A Certificate of Analysis (CoA) containing reconstitution instructions is included with the products. Please refer to the CoA for detailed information.

#### Stability & Storage:

It is recommended to store recombinant proteins at -20°C to -80°C for future use. Lyophilized powders can be stably stored for over 12 months, while liquid products can be stored for 6-12 months at -80°C. For reconstituted protein solutions, the solution can be stored at -20°C to -80°C for at least 3 months. Please avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and store products in aliquots.

#### Shipping:

In general, Lyophilized powders are shipping with blue ice.

### Protein Background

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain, also known as CD3E, is a single-pass type I membrane protein. CD3E contains 1 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domain and 1 ITAM domain. CD3E, together with CD3-gamma, CD3-delta and CD3-zeta, and the T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, forms the T cell receptor-CD3 complex. The CD3 epsilon subunit of the T cell receptor (TCR) complex contains two defined signaling domains, a

proline-rich sequence and an immune tyrosine activation motifs (ITAMs), and this complex undergoes a conformational change upon ligand binding that is thought to be important for the activation of T cells. In the CD3 epsilon mutant mice, all stages of T cell development and activation that are TCR-dependent were impaired, but not eliminated, including activation of mature naïve T cells with the MHCII presented superantigen, staphylococcal enterotoxin B, or with a strong TCR cross-linking antibody specific for either TCR-Cbeta or CD3 epsilon. T cell receptor-CD3 complex plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. This complex is critical for T-cell development and function, and represents one of the most complex transmembrane receptors. CD3E plays an essential role in T-cell development, and defects in CD3E gene cause severe immunodeficiency. Homozygous mutations in CD3D and CD3E genes lead to a complete block in T-cell development and thus to an early-onset severe combined immunodeficiency phenotype. Cancer Immunotherapy Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy

Reference

Fischer A, et al. (2005) CD3 deficiencies. *Curr Opin Allergy Clin Immunol.* 5(6): 491-5.

Wang Y, et al. (2009) A conserved CXXC motif in CD3epsilon is critical for T cell development and TCR signaling. *PLoS Biol.* 7(12): e1000253.

Martinez-Martin N, et al. (2009) Cooperativity between T cell receptor complexes revealed by conformational mutants of CD3epsilon. *Sci Signal.* 2(83): ra43.

Deford-Watts LM, et al. (2009) The cytoplasmic tail of the T cell receptor CD3 epsilon subunit contains a phospholipid-binding motif that regulates T cell functions. *J Immunol.* 183(2): 1055-64.

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