

# SAFETY DATA SHEETS

# According to the UN GHS revision 8

Version: 1.0

Creation Date: July 15, 2019

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#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

**Product name** 4,4'-Methylenediphenol

#### 1.2 Other means of identification

Other names

### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified usesIntermediatesUses advised againstno data available

1.4 Supplier's details

**Company** Target Molecule Corp.

Address Suite 260, 36 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts, USA

Tel/Fax +1 (857) 239-0968

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 400-821-2233

Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2

Eye irritation, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 3

# 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

**Prevention** P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection/...

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

Storage P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal** P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in

accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of

disposal.

# 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
4,4'-methylenediphenol	4,4'-methylenediphenol	620-92-8	210-658-2	100%

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

## 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

# 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

#### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

Recommended storage temperature: Store at -20°C

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### **Biological limit values**

no data available

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state Liquid

Colourno data availableOdourno data availableMelting point/freezing point350°C(lit.)

Boiling point or initial boiling point 132°C/15mmHg(lit.)

and boiling range

Flammability no data available
Lower and upper explosion no data available

limit/flammability limit

Flash point 98°C(lit.)

Auto-ignition temperatureno data availableDecomposition temperatureno data availablepHno data availableKinematic viscosityno data available

Solubility Soluble in ethanol, ether, chloroform, alkali; Slightly soluble in DMSO; Insoluble in carbon

disulfide

Partition coefficient n-

octanol/water

log Kow = 2.91

Vapour pressure 3.7X10-7 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)

Density and/or relative density1.208 g/cm3Relative vapour densityno data availableParticle characteristicsno data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

# 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# **Acute toxicity**

• Oral: no data available

• Inhalation: no data available

• Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

no data available

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

#### Aspiration hazard

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

- · Toxicity to fish: no data available
- · Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- · Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Bisphenol F, present at 100 mg/L, reached 1% of its theoretical BOD in 4 weeks using an activated sludge inoculum at 30 mg/L in the Japanese MITI test(1). In 22-day aerobic river die-away tests using several river water samples in 24 microcosms, bisphenol F showed complete degradation (mineralization) in 21 microcosms and complete primary degradation in another microsom(2). Biodegradation of bisphenol F varied from 8 to 58% after 30 days using a modified TOC-Handai Method (similar to aerobic river die-away test) and seawater microcosms following a 6-12 day lag period(3); biodegradation of bisphenol F was >92% after 60 days(3).

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Using bisphenol F concentrations of 2.5 and 25 ug/L and an 8-week exposure period, bisphenol F had respective measured BCF values of 11 and 6.6 in catfish(1). According to a classification scheme(2), these BCF values suggest the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of bisphenol F can be estimated to be 1.5X10+4(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that Bisphenol F is expected to be immobile in soil. The pKa of bisphenol F is 7.55(3), indicating that this compound will exist partially in anion form in the environment and anions generally do not adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(4). The Koc of bisphenol F is estimated as 740(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.91(5) and a regression-derived equation(1) that may be an more appropriate for compounds that are partially ionized in soil(SRC). According to the classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that bisphenol F is expected to have low mobility in soil.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Disposal methods

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: UN1325 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: UN1325 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: UN1325 (For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, IMDG: FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, IATA: FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC,

N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 4.1 (For reference only, please

IMDG: 4.1 (For reference only, please

IATA: 4.1 (For reference only, please

check.)

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: II (For reference only, please

IMDG: II (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: II (For reference only, please

check.)

check.)

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

check.)

check.)

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
4,4'-methylenediphenol	4,4'-methylenediphenol	620-92-8	210-658-2
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			
EC Inventory			
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Information on revision

Creation DateJuly 15, 2019Revision DateJuly 15, 2019

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- · STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

# References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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